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Soft & Clear Addition Cure RTV

R-2310 A/B

Product Data Sheet

R-2310 A/B—15 A Shore Clear Platinum Base (Addition Cure), two-component, room temperature curing (RTV) silicone rubber designed for its clarity and low durometer while providing excellent physical properties—15 A Shore. Use for mold making, embedding, electrical applications, thermal expanding tools, and clear part fabrication. Use molds to cast polyester, urethane, epoxy, low melt metal (600F), thermoplastics (Polyvinyl), wax, soap, plaster, and any material where a release free casting is required. *Add Silicone Pigments for tinting applications.*

Available Sizes: Pint Kit (1 lb) & Qrt Kit (2 lb) Gal Kit (9 lb) & 5 Gal Kit (44 lbs) 55 Gallon Drum (495 lbs)

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES (TYPICAL VALUES) UNVULCANIZED

Color: Clear A / Clear B
Viscosity @ 77F: 20,000 cps, mixed
Mixing Ratio, A/B: 100/10
Shelf Life: 6 months

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED RUBBER @ 24 Hrs 77F (25C)

Specific Gravity: 1.12
Hardness: 15 A Shore
Tensile Strength: 360 psi
Elongation %: 360
Tear Strength: 60 pli

MIXING & CURING INSTRUCTIONS:

The base (A) and curing agent (B) are mixed just before using. **Part B should be shaken prior to use.** Carefully weigh Part A and Part B by appropriate Mix Ratio. Automatic mixing equipment or manual mixing may be used to combine base and curing agent. Since material is clear, a double mix—mixing in one container then transferring to another and re-mixing—is recommended to ensure a thorough mix. De-airing (degassing) material is always recommended. Immediately after mixing, place the material in a vacuum chamber to remove trapped air and allow enough room for expansion as vacuum is drawn, as much as four times its original volume. Remove from vacuum chamber and pour very gently into cavity so as not to re-incorporate air into the material. Pressure casting (50-60 psi) until cured has proven well in eliminating air bubbles. After the mold (or part) has been removed from the master, it should be left for 24 hours in order to develop its maximum mechanical strength.

INHIBITION:

Certain materials will cause inhibition or neutralizing of the curing agent. These materials are sulphur and organo-metallic salt containing compounds found in organic rubbers and many condensation cure RTV, chloride solvents – amines. Avoid using latex gloves, water based clays and Tin/Condensation cured RTVs. Inhibition may easily be determined by brushing a small quantity of this material over the surface and allowing it to cure. If material remains tacky and gummy after the curing time, then the part's surface is acting as an inhibitor. **See Addition Cure Technical Data Sheet for inhibiting materials

CURING CHART

TEMPERATURE	POT LIFE	CURE TIME
100 F	30 MIN	2 HOURS
150 F	10 MIN	30 MIN
300 F	----	5 MIN

STORAGE/SHELF LIFE:

A and B components must be stored in their original, unopened containers at temperatures between 60-90F. Shelf life of materials when kept in unopened, sealed containers, at the recommended storage conditions, is 6 months

THE INFORMATION AND DATA CONTAINED HEREIN ARE BASED ON INFORMATION WE BELIEVE RELIABLE. EACH USER OF THE MATERIAL SHOULD THOROUGHLY TEST ANY APPLICATION AND INDEPENDENTLY CONCLUDE SATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE BEFORE COMMERCIALIZING. SUGGESTIONS OF USES SHOULD NOT BE TAKEN AS INDUCEMENTS TO INFRINGE ON ANY PARTICULAR PATENT.